

Table 1. STDs among residents, November, 2014.

	2014		2013	
	month	YTD	month	YTD
Gonorrhea	265	2,953	208	2,330
Male rectal gonorrhea	60	786	62	751
Chlamydia	508	5,453	407	4,673
Male rectal chlamydia	119	1292	84	1080
Syphilis (adult total)	107	1180	98	1089
Primary & secondary	35	423	38	458
Early latent	60	590	47	487
Unknown latent	0	8	0	1
Late latent	12	159	13	143
Neurosyphilis	0	9	0	12
Congenital syphilis	0	0	0	0
PID	6	97	6	78

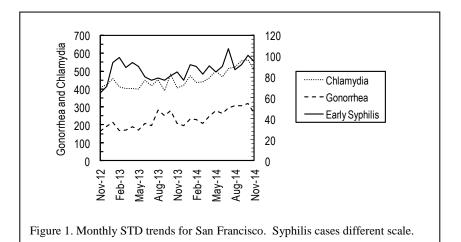


Table 2. Selected STD cases and rates for San Francisco by age and race/ethnicity, 2014 through November only. Rates equal cases per 100,000 residents per year based on 2000 US Census data.

	(All r	(All races)		Asian/PI		African American		Hispanic		White	
	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate	cases	rate	
All ages											
Chlamydia	5,453	765.9	738	319.0	752	1,280.4	773	770.1	1,865	600.3	
Gonorrhea	2,953	414.7	203	87.8	464	790.0	470	468.2	1,425	458.7	
Early syphilis	1,013	142.3	80	34.6	89	151.5	206	205.2	549	176.7	
Under 20 yrs											
Chlamydia	428	908.9	51	255.3	155	2,568.1	74	728.7	53	521.2	
Gonorrhea	114	242.1	7	35.0	54	894.7	18	177.2	10	98.3	
Early syphilis	4	8.5	0	0.0	2	33.1	0	0.0	2	19.7	

Table 3. HIV testing among City Clinic patients, November, 2014.

	201	4	2013		
	month	YTD	month	YTD	
Tests	398	5,522	490	6,127	
Antibody positive	3	51	1	58	
Acute HIV infection	2	4	1	21	

Note: All statistics are provisional until the annual report is released for the year. Morbidity is based on date of diagnosis. Totals for past months may change due to delays in reporting from labs and providers.

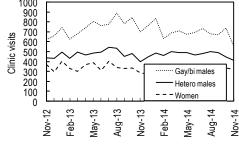


Figure 2. City Clinic visits by gender and orientation.

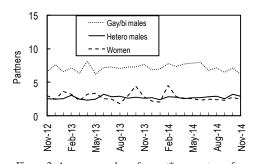


Figure 3. Average number of recent* sex partners for City Clinic visits by gender and sexual orientation. *Recall period is 3 months.

2013 San Francisco STD Annual Summary Now Available

The San Francisco Department of Public Health (SFDPH) recently released the 2013 STD Annual Summary showing continued increases in all three reportable, bacterial STDs: chlamydia, gonorrhea, and syphilis. Most striking is the 14.7% increase in syphilis cases since 2012 – over 1,000 early syphilis cases were reported in 2013, the highest total since 1984. The increase was almost entirely due to the increase in reported early latent cases, from 392 (in 2012) to 521 (in 2013). Of the 1,021 cases of early syphilis in 2013, 500 were primary and secondary (P&S) cases (similar to 2012), for a P&S rate of 62.1 per 100,000 residents/year.

The 5,094 chlamydia cases reported in 2013 among San Francisco residents reflected a 4.5% increase since 2012, for a rate of 632.6 per 100,000 residents/year. Gonorrhea cases increased by 1.7%; with 2,524 cases reported in 2013, the rate was 313.4 cases per 100,000 residents/year.

While there have been some improvements in the STD rates among adolescents, they, along with men who have sex with men, still experience a disproportionate burden of STDs in San Francisco. SFDPH continues to prioritize prevention and testing activities in these highest risk populations.

The 2013 San Francisco Sexually Transmitted Disease Annual Summary is available at https://www.sfdph.org/dph/files/reports/StudiesData/STD/SFSTDAnnlSum2013.pdf. TON